AG/RES. 2599 (XL-O/10)

PREVENTION AND REDUCTION OF STATELESSNESS AND PROTECTION OF STATELESS PERSONS IN THE AMERICAS

(Adopted at the fourth plenary session, held on June 8, 2010)

THE GENERAL ASSEMBLY,


CONVINCED that statelessness is a serious global problem that calls for broad international cooperation and the development of related programs;

RECOGNIZING that it is essentially the responsibility of states to prevent and reduce statelessness;

EMPHASIZING the tradition in the countries of the Americas to prevent statelessness by granting nationality through the combined application of the principles of ius soli, for children born in their territories, and of ius sanguinis, for those born in other countries;

RECOGNIZING that some countries of the region have recently introduced legislative amendments or practices to prevent cases of statelessness among the children of their nationals born abroad;

RECOGNIZING ALSO that 13 member states of the Organization of American States (OAS) have acceded to the 1954 Convention Relating to the Status of Stateless Persons and that six are parties to the 1961 Convention on the Reduction of Statelessness;

UNDERSCORING the importance of the right to nationality in the Americas, recognized in Article XIX of the American Declaration of the Rights and Duties of Man and in Article 20 of the American Convention on Human Rights, as well as the relevance of promoting accession to the 1954 Convention Relating to the Status of Stateless Persons and to the 1961 Convention on the Reduction of Statelessness;
EMPHASIZING the importance of the Inter-American Program for Universal Civil Registry and “Right of Identity” given that recognition of the identity of persons is one of the means through which observance of the rights to legal personhood, a name, a nationality, civil registration, and family relationships is facilitated, among other rights recognized in international and inter-American instruments;

UNDERSCORING that 2011 marks the fiftieth anniversary of the 1961 Convention on the Reduction of Statelessness; and

EXPRESSING ITS APPRECIATION this year, the sixtieth anniversary of the Office of the United Nations High Commissioner for Refugees (UNHCR), for the work carried out in the Americas to support states in their efforts to prevent and reduce statelessness and to offer their protection to stateless persons,

RESOLVES:


2. To urge those member states that have not yet done so to consider ratifying or acceding to, as the case may be, the international instruments in the area of stateless persons, and to promote the adoption of procedures and institutional mechanisms for their application, in accordance with those instruments.

3. To urge the states that have not yet done so, in accordance with the international instruments on statelessness to which they are Parties, to review their national legislation with a view to preventing and reduce statelessness.

4. To urge the member states and the international community to collaborate on and support strengthening and consolidation of the programs of the United Nations High Commissioner for Refugees (UNHCR) in the area of identification, prevention, and reduction of statelessness and international protection of stateless persons.

5. To reaffirm the importance of international cooperation, in particular by the UNHCR, in the provision of appropriate technical and advisory services to prepare and implement legislation regarding nationality; and to urge the member states and the international community to work in cooperation with the UNHCR to provide effective protection to stateless persons.

6. To instruct the Permanent Council to emphasize, through the Committee on Juridical and Political Affairs and with support from the Department of International Law of the General Secretariat, the topic of statelessness in its promotional and training activities.

7. To request the Permanent Council to report to the General Assembly at its forty-first regular session on the implementation of this resolution, the execution of which shall be subject to the availability of financial resources in the program-budget of the Organization and other resources.